

SPECIAL WAR NEWS

IT WAS A SHAME

There is one particularly distressing feature of the action of Great Britain and Germany in declaring war on each other. It wounds us deeply.

If they were going to declare war at all they should have done so in time for the afternoon papers. Seven o'clock in the evening is no time to declare war.—From an afternoon paper.



Photo by American Press Association.

Servian Soldiers Are Brave Fighters

Servian maintains only 30,000 men in times of peace, but she has mobilized all of her male population trained to bear arms, and the number is 324,000 men. The Servian army is largely composed of veterans with a splendid morale and a record of first rate achievement in the Balkan wars.

The Intelligencer is giving the full Associated Press report of progress of the European war in addition to Daily Bulletin Reports. Add to this the news of South Carolina politics. And can't you see what an absorbing and interesting edition each issue of **The Intelligencer** will be for the next few months at least? In view of the general interest and to demonstrate to you that **The Intelligencer** prints all the news we make this special offer:

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European War Bulletin

(By Associated Press.)

(Continued From Page One.)

just completed here for the Chilean navy have been sold to the Canadian government. They proceeded to Victoria, B. C., last night under their own steam. They are each 150 feet long and of 420 tons.

British Cruiser Sinks Liner.

London, August 5.—It was officially announced tonight that the British cruiser Amphio has sunk the Hamburg-American line steamer Koenigin Louise which had been fitted out for mine laying.

Taken As Prisoners.

Hull, England, August 5.—A number of German steamers anchored at this port were taken over by the British authorities today as prizes. The crews made up mostly of naval reservists, were made prisoners of war.

German Warships Destroy Towns.

Berlin, August 5.—Via London.—German warships have destroyed some fortified towns and places for the embarkation of French troops on the coast of Algeria.

French and Belgian Forces Unite.

London, August 5.—Premier Asquith, in the house of commons, this afternoon after giving a summary of war news already published said that the Belgian government had invited the co-operation of the French troops with the Belgian army and had given orders to the Belgian provincial governor not to regard the movements of the French troops as a violation of the frontier.

Spies are Arrested.

London, August 5.—A bill introduced in the House of Commons today by the home secretary, Reginald McKenna, to restrain the movements of undesirable aliens with the object of facilitating the removal of spies was passed through all stages.

The home secretary announced that 21 spies had been arrested in the British Isles in the last twenty-four hours, chiefly in the naval centers.

Germans Are Annihilated.

Paris, August 5.—Two regiments of German Uhlans have been destroyed by the Belgian army, according to an official announcement given out tonight by the French war office.

Naval Engagement Reported.

London, August 5.—A naval action was in progress in the North Sea this afternoon, according to the Evening Standard which added that this news was confirmed by a high authority who, however, said the action was not of decisive importance.

BELGIANS MADE GALLANT RESISTANCE

(Continued From First Page.)

Eight hundred wounded Germans are being transferred to the city of Liege where they will be cared for.

Prior to the attack of Liege, General von Emmich, commanding the German army of the Meuse, issued a proclamation calling for an open road through Belgium for the advance of his forces and suggesting that prudence would show it to be the duty of the Belgian people to accede to this, to avoid the horrors of war.

The Germans committed reprisals against the civil population of the town of Vise, eight miles north of Liege, burning the city and shooting many residents.

GERMANY DEMANDS PASSAGE

Proclamation, issued to Belgian People.

General von Emmich, commanding the German army of Meuse, has issued the following proclamation to the Belgian people:

"To my regret the German troops have been forced to cross the frontier, Belgium neutrally already having been violated by the French officers, who, disguised, entered the country in automobiles. Our greatest desire is to avoid a conflict between peoples who have always been friends and allies. Remember, Napoleon, where the German armies helped to found your country's independence.

"But we must have free passage, the destruction of bridges, tunnels, and railways must be considered as hostile acts. I hope that the German army of Meuse may not be called upon to do so. We wish for an opening in which those who attack us, I trust, will not have to suffer the horrors of war. We will pay for provisions and our soldiers of war will show themselves to be the best friends of a people for whom we have the greatest esteem and the deepest sympathy.

"Your goodness and patriotism will show you that it is your duty to protect your country from being plunged into the horrors of war."

Belgians Victorious. Brussels, via London, Aug. 5.—Official dispatches report that the Belgians have repulsed all attacks by the Germans in the neighborhood of Liege. The Belgians delivered a vigorous counter attack, killing all Germans who had passed via forts. The fortifications offered admirable resistance to the German attack. The Belgians proved every whit as good as the Germans. Several civilians have been shot at Vise and the town burned.

KING ALBERT IN COMMAND.

Brussels, Aug. 5.—Via London.—According to Le Soir, under the treaty between France and Belgium, King

Albert will command the Franco-Belgian troops operating in Belgium. King Albert has placed his palace at the disposal of the Red Cross.

Warsaw, Russia-Poland, Aug. 5.—via London.—Russian frontier patrols, driving the enemy's patrols before them, have crossed the east Russian frontier at Lyk and Blala, and penetrated 10 miles into German territory.

The Russians captured and burned the German railway stations at Borjemia and Blala and cut communication from Lyk to Johannesburg, the enemy falling back all along the front burning villages.

Germany's Perfidy.

Brussels, via London, Aug. 5.—King Albert has assumed command of the troops and has issued an inspiring proclamation to the army, in which he declares "the perfidy of a haughty neighbor demands that Belgium shall defend her honor and independence."

The King bids the Belgian soldiers remember the army's glorious deeds of the past and show themselves as worthy of the trust placed in them.

MRS. WILSON IS IN EXTREMIS

(Continued from Page One.)

white house in a symmetry of hedges and flowers.

Collapsed Last Week. With her apparent recovery, the president urged that his wife go to a cooler climate. The heat of Washington was particularly oppressive but she declined to leave her husband. The collapse came last week, and since then she has been sinking rapidly. Only members of the family were admitted to the sick room. She had lost in weight until her thin form assumed but a shadow of her former self.

Day and night the family had watched anxiously over her for the past few days. Yesterday her pulse stopped beating for a few moments. Oxygen and other restoratives were applied. Early today she seemed somewhat better, but late today grew worse.

The president, always most sensitive over exaggerated reports about members of his family, authorized no official announcement about Mrs. Wilson's health. He had hoped that she might yet recover. Today, however, there was a change. White house officials acknowledged the gravity of the patient's condition and revealed that while they were hoping against hope, the end was dangerously near.

The strain of her duties as mistress of the white house and her own untiring efforts to help many an unknown and friendless person who has appealed to her, are said to be directly responsible for her breakdown. Mrs. Wilson received many delegations which her husband was too busy to see. Her mail is voluminous and she has insisted on attending to person to many appeals for help that came to her. She has been particularly active

since coming to Washington in better conditions in the slums.

Throughout the administration of her husband she has taken the same keen interest in his work as she did in previous years when he was governor of New Jersey and president of Princeton University. She lends her counsel and advice on many a weighty subject of state.

Miss Helen Woodrow Bones, the president's cousin, who has been living in the Wilson household for the last two years, has been devoting her time as personal secretary to Mrs. Wilson, also broke down recently and is ill at present, though not gravely. She, too, is suffering from nervousness and the inner white house for weeks has held a story of heart-rending grief for the president of the United States and his daughters.

Mrs. W. G. McAdoo, youngest daughter of the president, has been in the city constantly and has been at the white house daily. Mrs. Francis Bowes Sayre, second daughter, and husband, arrived today from Cornish, N. H., and Miss Margaret Wilson, the oldest daughter, returned a few days ago.

Dr. Cary T. Grayson, the president's physician and naval aide, has been in almost constant attendance on Mrs. Wilson and has been in frequent consultation with Dr. R. M. Kennedy, United States navy, his assistant; Dr. Thomas Brown, of Johns Hopkins hospital, Baltimore; Dr. E. P. Davis of Philadelphia, and Dr. F. X. Dercum of Philadelphia.

MEET RUSSIAN AMBASSADOR

(By Associated Press.)

St. Petersburg, August 5, via London, August 5.—The Russian ambassador in Berlin, M. de Sverbeev, and his staff are reported to have been subjected to much abuse after the declaration of war. Some members of the ambassador's suite, including Princess Beloselsky who was Miss Susie Whittier, of Boston, and first secretary of embassy, Chaovitski, are alleged to have been struck by persons in a crowd that followed their motor car to the railroad station when they were leaving Berlin.

According to an eye witness, the embassy was surrounded and when the ambassador, who was escorted by mounted police, departed for the station in an automobile, the people hurled stones of abuse at him. The police had the greatest difficulty in protecting him and members of his staff.

M. Chaovitski was struck a severe blow on the head which cut his scalp. He is said to be under medical treatment in Copenhagen. Princess Beloselsky was hit on her back and shoulder, and other persons in the crowd apart at her. Other members of the party are declared to have been similarly treated. The children were placed in the bottom of the automobiles for protection.

Ladies in Party Are Attacked.

AMERICANS ARE PROVIDED FOR

TEMPORARY RELIEF FOR ALL THE TOURISTS NOW IN LONDON

MAIL IS TIED UP

The Postoffice Flooded With Mail As All Services to Continent Are Held Up

(By Associated Press.)

London, August 5.—The wants of most of the Americans in London now have been provided for temporarily. Those holding notes and checks have been able to get small sums of currency to carry them on while the hotels are not pressing them for their bills for daily needs. Others without funds of any kind are being taken care of by committees and by loans from individual Americans.

Confidence Restored.

Confidence among the members of the American colony has been largely restored by the news of the dispatch of the United States cruiser Tennessee with funds to cash checks and letters of credit, and this has spread to the hotel keepers and others. There was a noticeable decline in the number of Americans besieging the express companies and the officers of the American banks, and tourists are spending their time while waiting for transportation home by seeing the sights of the city so far as conditions allow.

The American embassy which has taken over charge of German interests, was crowded today with German reservists asking that their military papers be endorsed so that they may be able to proceed home. Irwin B. Laughlin, secretary of the American embassy, paid a visit to the German embassy before the departure of Prince Lichnowsky, and his staff to discuss the arrangements for taking over the affairs of Germany.

The syndicate which purchased the British steamer Viking is arranging to charter another steamer to take home Americans who are without funds.

Another run of the provisions stores in London and in the provinces occurred today in spite of the government's assurances that there was sufficient food to supply the population for months without counting that on route. Prices again jumped and

some of the smaller shops were forced to close.

High Prices Cause Trouble. In the east and several stores where prices had been raised were rushed by infuriated women, who carried off everything they could lay their hands on before the arrival of the police.

The situation has been aggravated by the throwing out of employment of 25,000 transport workers through the discontinuance of freight traffic to the continent. It is expected, however, that many of these will find employment in the city transportation service.

The post office is flooded with mail, all the service to the continent having been held up.

The American ship steamer Philadelphia, which sailed from Southampton for New York shortly after noon today, took all the American and Canadian mail which had been piling up to today. Rain prevented the gathering of any great crowds into today, but the streets of Whitehall and the west end were filled with people eagerly picking every scrap of news and cheering at the rumored British, French and Belgian victories.

The Manchester Guardian, the only paper heretofore opposing the war, in printing the announcement of the declaration of war by Great Britain, says:

"All controversies are buried. Our front is united."

EMBARGO ON SHIPPING

Southern Road Won't Accept Shipments for Europe.

(By Associated Press.)

London, Aug. 5.—The Southern Railway today placed an embargo on shipments intended for export to Europe. An order issued from headquarters of the system here directing train representatives to discontinue issuing bills of lading to British and continental ports.

Italy Next

(By Associated Press.)

New Orleans, August 5.—That Italy will remain per proclamation of neutrality and join the war of nations is believed to be indicated by a cablegram received in New Orleans today by the master of the Italian steamer La Sicilia, ordering her to take aboard no cargo and to anchor immediately in neutral waters. The cablegram stated the instructions were sent by direction of the Italian government.

The La Sicilia was loading a general cargo when the order was received. The loading operation ceased and the vessel anchored in the river.

BULLETIN

Brussels, Aug. 5.—The newspapers Le Peuple says an early landing of British troops in Belgium is expected.